

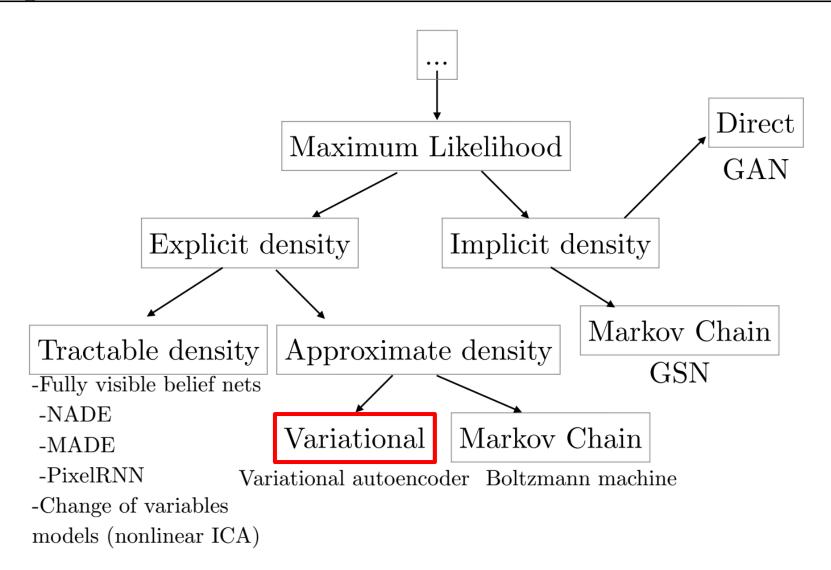
# Lecture 9: Deep Variational Inference

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#### Lecture overview

- Latent variable models
- Autoencoders
- Variational inference
- Variational autoencoders
- Reparameterization trick

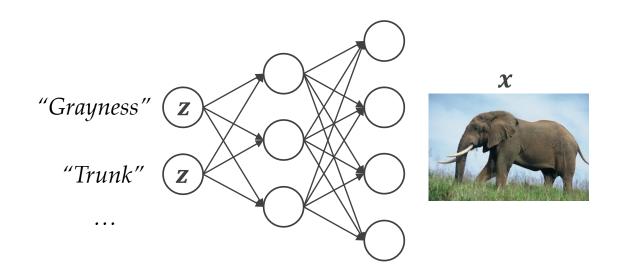
## A map of generative models



#### Motivation behind latent variables

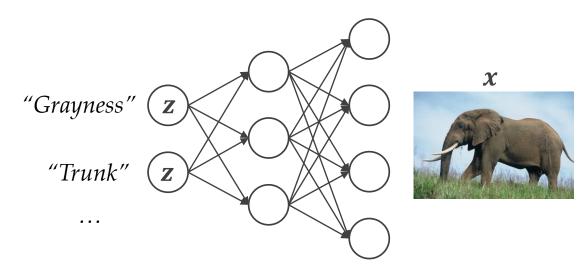
- Latent variables are high-level features
  - in combination they generate the data p(x|z)
- We want to model the inverse process
  - → Figure out what these latents are





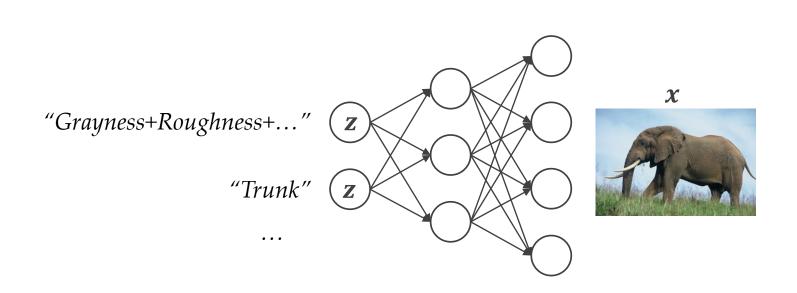
# Why bother?

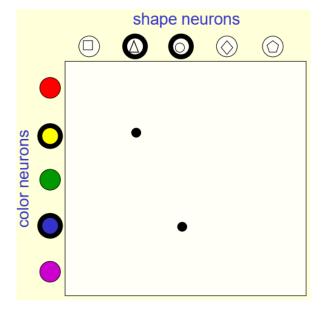
- By making convenient choices for latents
  - $^{\circ}$  We can model much more complex x
- Without latents we can have exploding number of parameters
  - → intractability
  - Remember (regular) Boltzmann machines



## Distributed representations

- Distribute the 'representation' of our data over multiple neurons
- And each neuron models a distribution of concepts
- The latent layer learns to encode combinations of patterns for efficiency





Hinton, CSC321: 2011 Introduction to Neural Networks and Machine Learning